

### **COOKE SCIENTIFIC**

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September 12, 2018

Jim Ball 18401 Salmon La Sac Road Ronald, WA, 98940

RE: Critical Areas Assessment for Potential Buffer Impacts Due to Past Septic Installation, Lake Cle Elum, Wa

Dear Mr. Ball.

At your request, I visited your property at 18401 Salmon La Sac Road in Ronald Washington on August 30, 2018. My scope included investigating current conditions in the vicinity of the septic and drainfield and writing a letter report to the County describing the results of the site investigation, documenting the site conditions overall for critical areas, including wetland and streams and rating any wetlands (there weren't any), and identifying the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) of Lake Cle Elum. The buffers required by the County also needed to be identified should I find any critical areas. It also included development of a mitigation plan that also addresses management needs for the buffer area that includes the septic area and drainfield identified. A final mitigation plan will be developed once the County approves the concept put forth here.

The County specifically wanted any residual impacts that resulted from the installation of the septic system within the Shoreline setback to be mitigated for. This also included any buffer impacts that may result from the installation of the house and associated development of the residential infrastructure. All details about development of the site need to be in compliance with Kittitas County Critical Areas Ordinance Title 17A KCC updated in 2017.

#### Site History

The property is part of the Anna Bell plat that appears to have been recorded in 2006. The Ball property is recorded as Lot #6 (See Figure 1). Although the actual lot is an oddly shaped property (seen on Figures 6-9), the actual development area is only that part identified on Figures 3 and 5.

The septic permit that included an almost identical site plan to that currently proposed was submitted by the Ball family in 2008. There is a County stamp on the plans that make it look like it was approved and it is my undertsanding that all of the development team thought the permit was approved at that time so the septic installation was done the third week of October 2008. Now, 10 years later, the County is asking for the impact of that installation to be mitigated for the

acreage lost because current County staff have no record that the permit was issued (Pers comm., Calvana Carper, August 2018). The County also asked for a site reconnaissance for wetlands, streams, and shoreline and a delineation of any resources found, because the County's maps show these resources on the property (Figures 6, 7, 8, and 9).

#### Site Review

<u>Septic area</u>: The septic tanks can be seen as three circular lids on the slope that grades down to the beach area. Their location can be seen on Figures 2, 3, 4, and 5, and Photo Sheet 3. All the area around the tanks consisted of installing tanks below the ground. It has been ten years since the installation and the area has since comletely restored itself (except for the actual lids) to the same vegetation that is found elsewhere on the slope that grades down to the lake edge.

<u>Drainfield</u>: The area where the drainfield was installed had recently been disturbed (Photo sheet 3). An area 12 feet x 32 feet was bare of plants, so this area will be replanted with shallowly rooted shrubs and forbs. No deeply rooted trees or shrubs will be planted there because of the potential to cause problems with the leachfield, but shallowly rooted species will be used. See the mitigation section below.

<u>House site</u>: Is currenty somewhat open, as is typical with east-side forests. It is still vegetated with a few trees (mapped on Figure 3, photo on Photo page 2) and understory vegetation consisting of shrubs and forbs. As is the area to the north that will be set aside for mitigation (Figure 5).

#### Status of Critical Areas on the Property

Wetland: The County shows a wetland on the property (Figure 9). They also mention a wetand on page 3 of the PSA #18-00194. There is no weltand anywhere on the property. I investigated the entire property off the Salmon La Sac Road and down below the cliff on the beach associated with Lake Cle Elum. There were no jurisdictional wetlands anywhere on the property. This is based on 35 years of wetland delineation expertise and using the criteria required under Section 17B.05.020F of the Kittitas County code and outlined in the US Army Corps of Engineers protocol "The Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual for Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (May 2010) nor "The Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual for the Arid West (Version 11-1-2006)". I examined for soils, hydrology, and vegetation indicators and they just did not exist, especially in the areas shown on the County's map on Figure 9. I have included photos of the property attached on Photo Sheets 1-4. The beach area identified on the County's wetland map are shown in their actual ground conditions on Photo Sheets 2, 3, and 4. As can be seen, the area identified as wetland is beach cobble with less than five percent vegetation. I found a few scattered clumps of shore sedge (Carex lenticularis, FACW) and a few clumps of newly germinated Scouler willow, (Salix scouleriana, FAC) and one very small lady's thumb (Persicaria maculosa, FACW). The soils were sand and cobbles.

Stream: While the County's Critical areas mapping for streams shows Bell Creek on the property (Figure 8), it is actually east of Salmon La Sac Road and passes under the road – through the easement owned by the Ball family and there is no stream on the property that is to be developed west of Salmon La Sac Road. The stream (Bell Creek) comes from east of the road and it enters a culvert and passes under the road, well south of the Ball property where the house and other areas to be developed exist. This stream did not appear to affect the development of the lot (13) where it actually exists so there should be no issue of its presence on the lot the Ball family now want to develop.

Lake edge: The Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) was evaluated using the methodology outlined by the Department of Ecology in their "Determining the Ordinary High Water Mark for Shoreline Management Act Compliance in Washington State, 2016 Publication # 16-06-029. As required, the "mark upon the landscape" down below the property at the toe of the slope (see topography Figures 3, 5, 6, and 7) would be identified at the eroded edge on the beach seen on Photo Page 4 and on Figure 4 the GPS map I produced during the field work. The aerial photograph Google selected as the base map for mapping the GPS data (Figure 4) was showing the lake during an obviously much higher water level than where the water level was on the day I visited the site (Photo Pages 4 and 5). As stated above in the Wetlands section, there was almost no vegetation (less than 5 percent aerial cover overall), the soils are sand and cobbles and the only obvious indicator was the eroded edge. The County has mapped the OHWM at the toe of the slope (Shown in Figures 6 and 7).

As stated in the manual, "Common misunderstandings in determining lake OHWMs include: (1) assuming that the OHWM is limited to the area of open water and not following the continuous and contiguous water surface elevation to its landward limit within fringing wetlands and, (2) in lakes with a significant groundwater input, not accounting for a seasonal lag time in the highest water levels; high water does not necessarily occur at the wettest time of year. In those rare circumstances on lakes (and streams) where the OHWM cannot be determined from field indicators, the SMA directs that the OHWM shall be the line of mean high water (RCW 90.58.030(2)(c))."

The area above the eroded line on the on the beach is above the area that commly floods or there would be an erosive feature, vegetation, algal lines on the bedrock (Photo Page 4) at the toe of the slope. No such erosive feature exists there and the other indicators of vegetation, and soils, and indicators of hydrology are also missing. Although the aerial photograph seen in the photo section of this report (7/10/2012 and the aerial on the GPS mapping) show the water at a much higher elevation (right at the toe of the slope), there are two marks upon the beach visible in the other aerials and foud during this summer's site investigation in August. The beach below the toe of slope is is almost devoid of vegetation except for a few tufts of shore sedgesh (Carex lenticularis var. lenticularis) and Scouler willow (Salix scouleriana. In using the OHWM methodology, it was clear that the OHWM is where it is shown on the GPS map shown on Figure 4 and on the aerials from 7/15/2014 and 7/13/2017, where you can see the erosive lip shown on Photo Page 5.

Obviously given the discrepancy between the County's mapping and my findings, the County has to make the final determination on this.

#### **Mitigation**

#### Septic Pit Mitigation

In exchange for the "impact" to the septic pit area 100-foot Shoreline buffer (which should be revisited as discussed above), - an equivalent area (28' x 28'= 784 FT2) will be set aside north of the house (Figure 5). This will be set aside as a permanent "no touch" buffer and will be recorded on the plat map on file with the County. Photo page 2, (lower photo) shows this area. The existing natural vegetation will be left untouched and no future activity will be planned that will affect this area. It is fully vegetated and so needs no additional plantings in-situ.

#### Leachfield

The leachfield is located outside of the buffer zone (Figures 2, 4, 5; and Photo Page 3) but this area will be replanted as compensation for the disturbance that occured as a result of the recent disturbance in situ and the future construction of the house and driveway. The following will be planted:

Common Name	Scientific Name	# to be installed*
oceanspray	Holodiscus discolor	3
Dewberry	Rubus ursinus	15
Snowberry	Symphoriocarpos albus	10
Western serviceberry	Amelanchier alnifolia	5

All plantings are to be 1-gallon size nursery stock and installed in a random fashion at least 3-feet O.C. from the next plant

#### **Management Plan**

#### Monitoring

Monitoring will occur twice yearly after weeding has been done

- April
- late August.

Monitoring will consist of:

- 1. Taking photos every year at the photo stations established at the following locations:
  - Septic pits
  - Mitigation area for the septic pits north of the house
  - Leachfield

A photo station will be established by installing a stake where the photos are to be recorded in all locations. Photos of each location will be recorded every year monitoring is required to document both the mitigation and the septic pit areas are left untouched and the vegetation in the leachfield is surviving and thriving.

2. Documenting (and removing) weeds and any open spaces larger than 3-feet in diameter on a detailed site map (Figure 5) and developing a plan for removing the weeds and planting in any "open" spaces. This should be done as early in April as possible after the April monitoring, and in October/November, after the August monitoring. This will be simple, The number of open spaces will be identified and plants from the table shown above can be selected – one per open space will be ordered and installed.

An email or letter report will be submitted to the County each year in the spring (by the end of May) and fall (by the end of October) documenting the current site conditions for years 1, 2, 3, and 5. The family will contact the field ecologist if any questions arise.

#### Maintenance

Weeds located on or near the three mitigation areas will be removed on a regular basis. This should occur (as needed) in:

- March
- · early May
- July,
- early August

The field ecologist will monitor the site the first year after the planting and identify all the weedy species anticipated to be present in the area. A simple field identification manual with photos will be produced for the Ball family so they can identify the weeds, and they will help with setting up the photo stations so they know how and where to take photos. It is anticipated that the Ball family will be able to remove the weeds after that point. Any plants that appear that weren't previously present and which seem to be spreading can be identified by the field ecologist (by the family taking photos and emailing the photos to the field ecologist). The field ecologist will tell the family if they are weeds and the family will add them to the list of plants to be removed. Removal will consist of hand-pulling and bagging and removing the weeds from the site. If a suitable compost bin can be constructed or obtained, the weeds may also be composted.

#### **Kittitas County Permitting**

The county will determine the need for a Shoreline Exemption once the site plan and this report have been submitted. Typically, construction from 115'-200' of OHWM requires a Shoreline Exemption. All shoreline exemptions can be found via this link: http://app.leg.wa.gov/WAC/default.aspx?cite=173. Given the fact that you will be building on top of a bluff and there will be no impacts from up above

on the Shoreline below, this exemption should be straightforward. Please contact me if you have any additional questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Sarah Spear Cooke, Ph.D.

Wetland Ecologist

Fellow, International Society of Wetland Scientists

Native veg on the Property





Native veg on the Property

Photo Page 1. Ball Property, Anna Bell Plat, Kittitas County, Wa



Few Willows on beach



House Site

Photo Page 2. Ball Property, Anna Bell Plat, Kittitas County, Wa

House Site





Leachfield area

Septic tank area



Photo Page 3. Ball Property, Anna Bell Plat, Kittitas County, Wa



Base of slope top of beach



Beach lacking veg

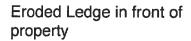


Photo Page 4. Ball Property, Anna Bell Plat, Kittitas County, Wa

Beach looking back at Ball property



Eroded Ledge

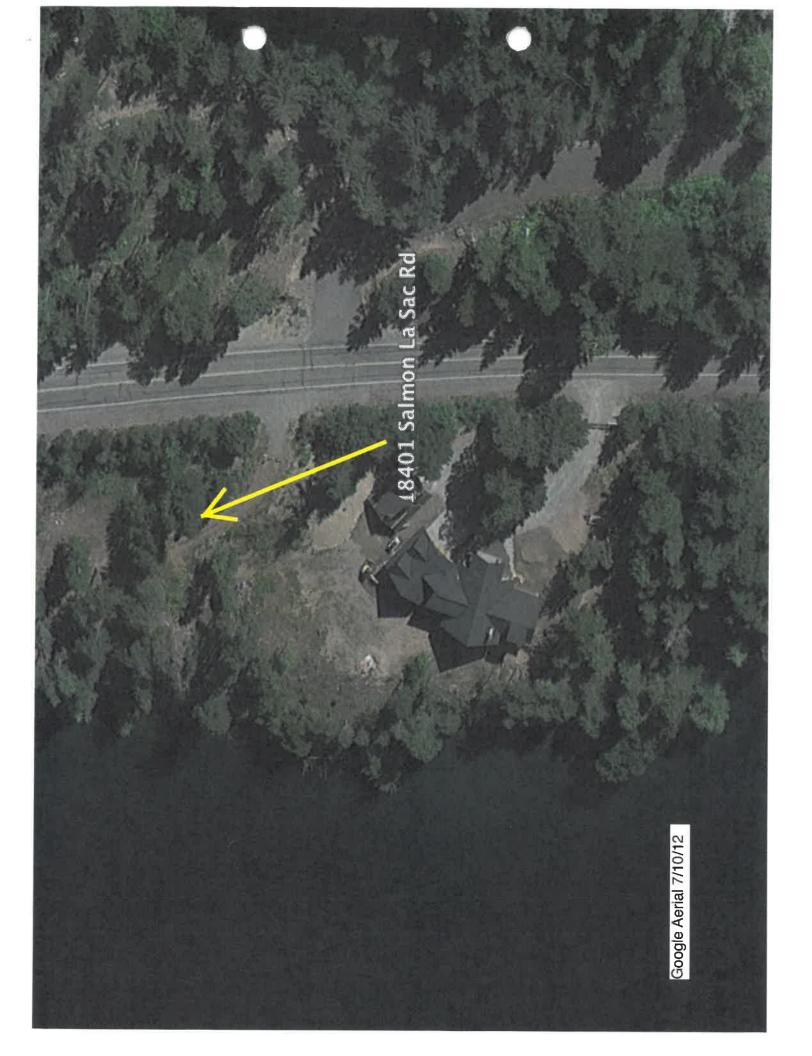


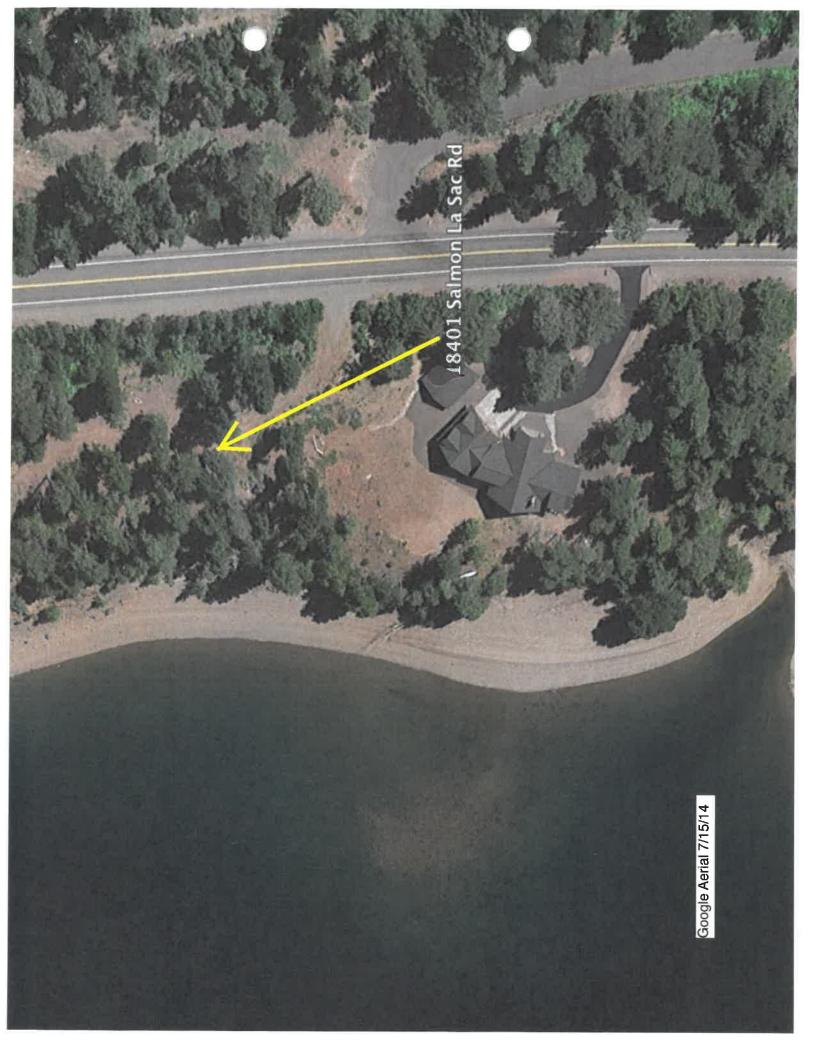


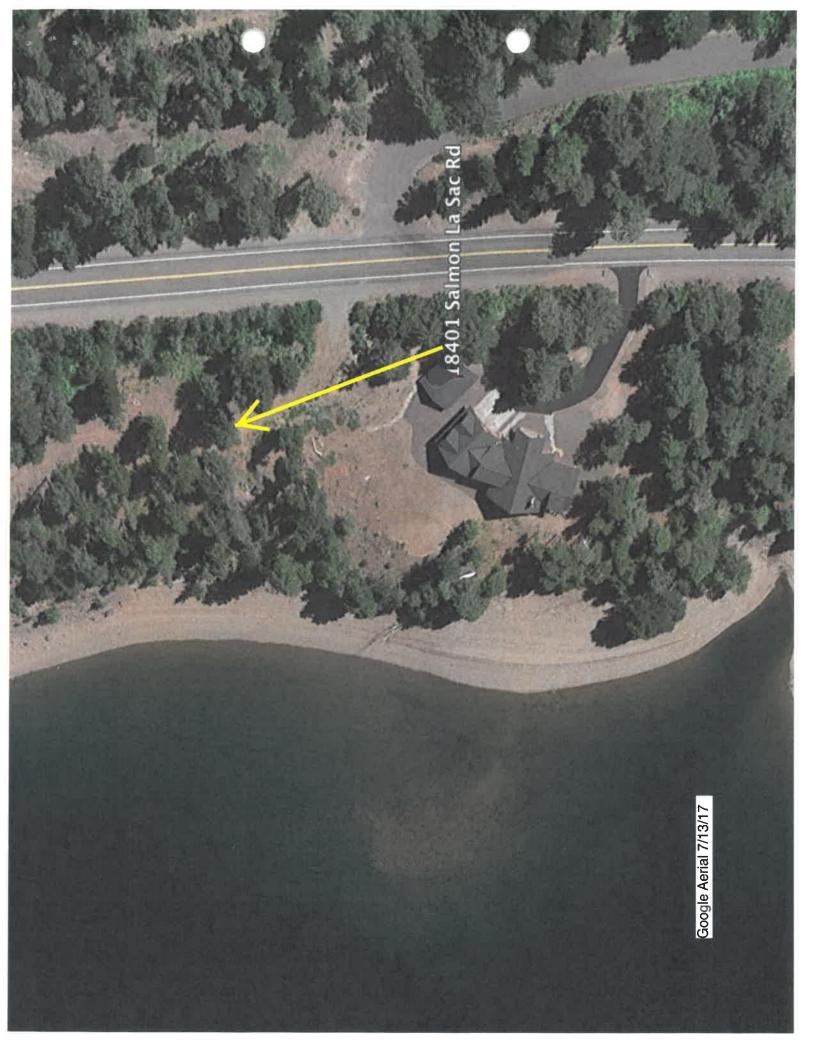


very little veg on beach

Photo Page 5. Ball Properl Plat, Kittitas County, Wa

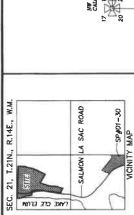






P - 05 - 39

SURVEY NOTES:



## APPROVALS

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EKAMINED AND JUPROKED THIS TO DAY OF

A.D., 200 6

To A.D., 200 6 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

GRAPHIC SCA'

( IN FEET ) 1 inch = 200' ft.

INDEX LOCATION

3

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE ANNA BELL PLAT HAS BEEN EXCAMINED BY ME AND I FIND THAT THE SEWACE AND WATER SYSTELL MÉRETA SALVA KITTITAS COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT DOES WEET AND COUPLY WITH ALL PROPERTY OF THE COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT DATED THIS

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE ANNA BELL PLAT HAS BEEN EXAMINED BY WE AND FIND THAT IT CONFORMS TO THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN OF THE MITTIAS COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION. CERTIFICATE OF COUNTY PLANNING DIRECTOR

La Venda Museu DATE THIS PAY OF SEPTEMBERAD, 2006 CERTIFICATE OF KITHTAS COUNTY TREASURER

PARCE, NO. 21-14-21000-0015

DATE STATES AD., 2006 I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS AREGRAID FOR THE PRECEDING YEARS AND FOR THIS YEAR IN WHICH THE PLAT IS NOW TO BE FILED. Shollan

Hanber A TREASURER

DATED THIS 19 DAY OF SCHOOL A.D., 200/4 I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE ANNA BELL PLAT
HAS BEEVE TAXAMINED BY ME AND I FIND THE
PROPERTY TO BE IN AN ACCEPTABLE CONDITION FOR
PLATTING. PARCEL NO. 21–14–21000–0015 CERTIFICATE OF KITHTAS COUNTY ASSESSOR

KITTITAS COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS By WINKLY GALCAD.

EXAMINED AND APPROVED THIS 19th DAY OF BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS KITTLAS COUNTY, WASHINGTON

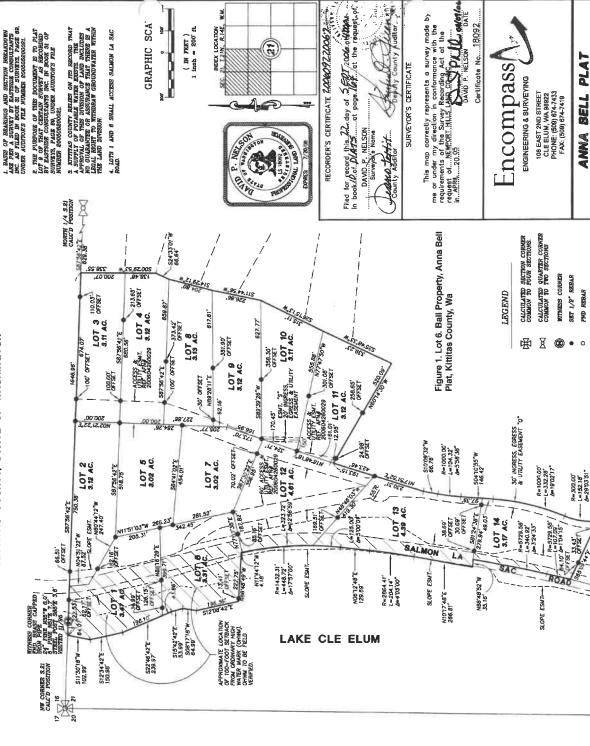
BY: Came B Bowen

William Kamenik CLERK OF THE BOARD

NOTICE: THE APPROVAL OF THE PLAT IS NOT A GUARANTEE THAT FUTURE PRIMITS WILL BE GRANTED.

# ANNA BELL

PTN. NW1/4 OF SECTION 21, T.21N., R.14E., W.M. KITTITAS COUNTY, STATE OF WASHINGTON



12

Certificate No....18092...

SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE

01515

LOCATED IN SECTION 21, T. 21M, R. 14E., W.M.

APPROXIMATE 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN

FWD REBAR

0

ANNA BELL PLAT

KITTITAS COUNTY, STATE OF WASHINGTON

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1"=20090/80

D.NELSON G.WEISER CHKD BY

Figure 2. Ball Property, Septic and Leachfield Layout

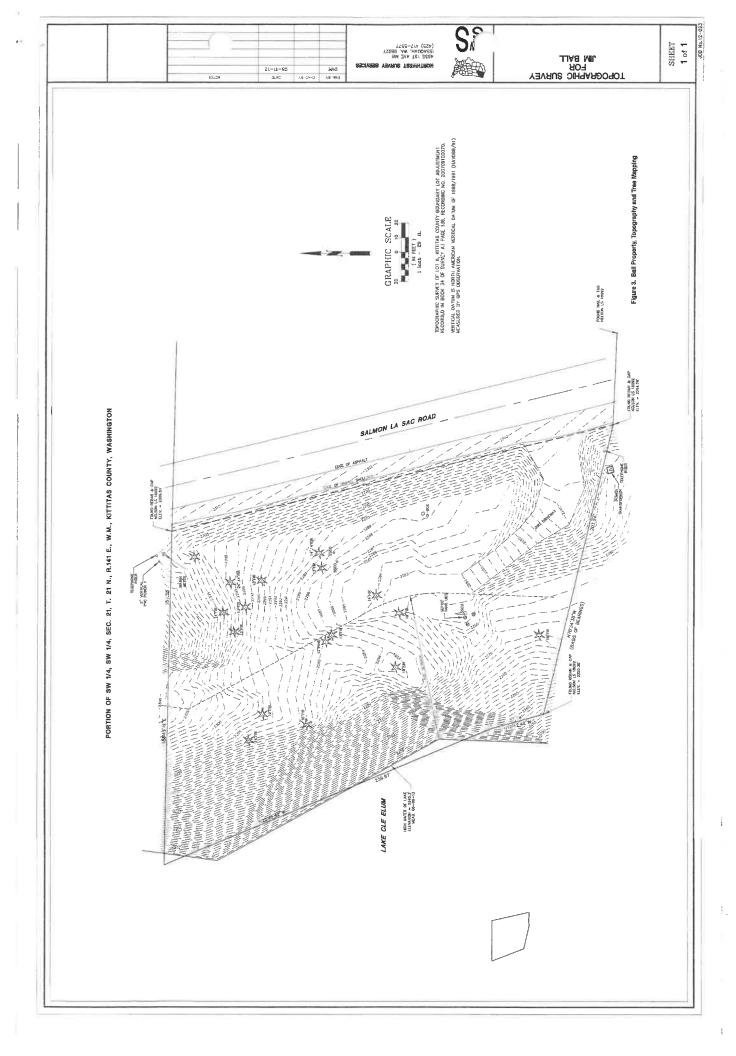
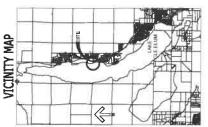




Figure 4. Ball Property, GPS mapping from Site Assessment





ZONING CODE NOTES

ZORIA RIGHAL REFRENTON
LOT MERISONS INRECULA APPROX. Z28X336 (SEE SURVEY)
BUILDING HEIGHT (SAFORELINE)
PERMITTED: "A APPOVE MAKAGE SRADE
AVENAGE GRADE = (A), -2282, \*\*.

= 27504.3712 = 2282.03 + 25.222.03 + 25.222.03 + 25.222.03 + 25.222.03 + 25.222.03 + 25.223.03 + 25.223.03 + 25.23

BUILDING SETBACKS: FRONT - 25'

SIDE - 15.
Common lies Ditoelise Later (To ensure new single-family cheelings to small provide the single-family cheelings to small provide the security of patients, therefore news as auditing to small provide the securities news as auditing development, a common the shoreline shalle—continue by a sweep for each of the adjacent residential awelli for the development of a single-family dw

ADJACENT DWELLING (NORTH)
1850) SALMON LA SAC ROAD
PN:951650
SHORELINE BUFFER = 100"

ADJACENT DWELLING (SOUTH) 18341 SALMON LA SAC ROAD PN:953284 SHORELINE BLFFER = 65°

COMMON LINE SHORELINE BUFFER 100' + 65' = 165' 165'/2 = 82.5'

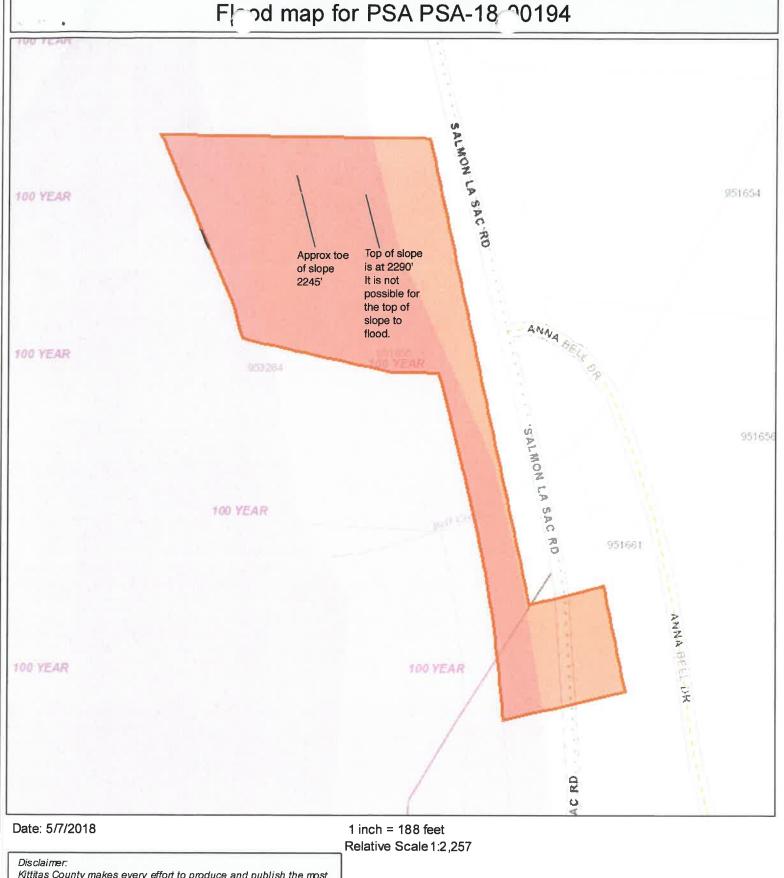
SHORELINE BUFFER BUILDING SETBACK = 15' 82.5' + 15' = <u>97.5'</u>

PER 178.06.200(?) d. There is best shan fithen (f.5) feet of elevation difference between 8 adjacent bits and less than two hundred fifty (250) cubic yeards of gr regidied to accommodate use of the common file showler buffer.

2006.9' - 2282.03 = 1<u>4,87° OK</u> AVERAGE GRADE AT SOUTH PROPERTY LINE (PL1) = 2278.5 2282.03' - 2278.5' = <u>13.53° OK</u> PROPOSED AVERAGE GRADE (SEE ABOVE) = 2292,03' AVERAGE GRADE AT NORTH PROPERTY LINE (PL2) = 2306.8'

Figure 5. Bail Property, Septic and Leachfield Layout



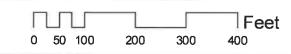


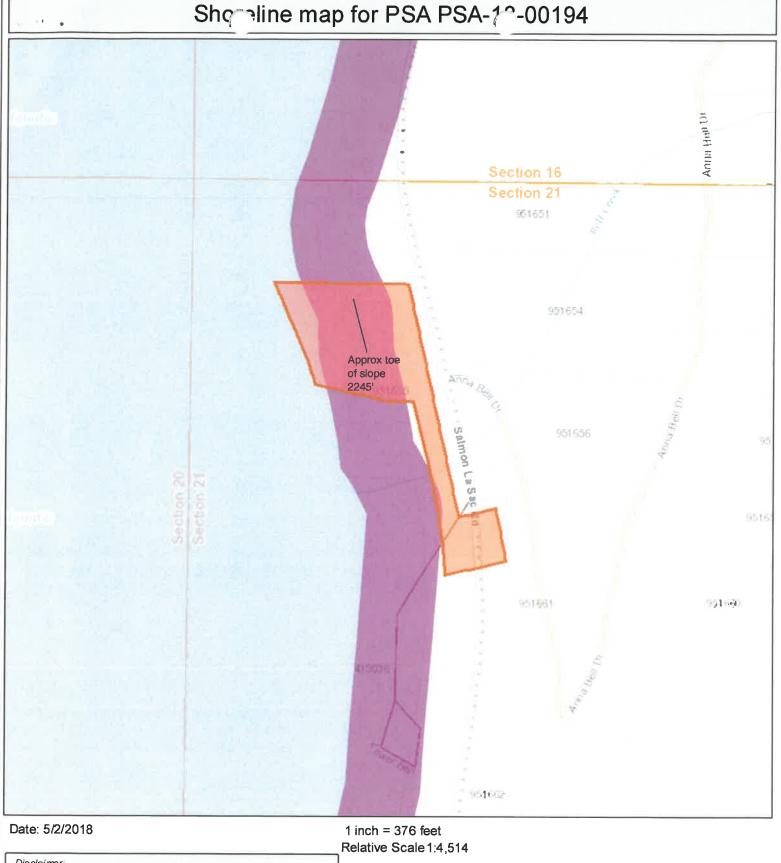
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Figure 6. Ball Property, Inaccurate Floodmap









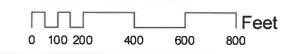
Disclaimer.

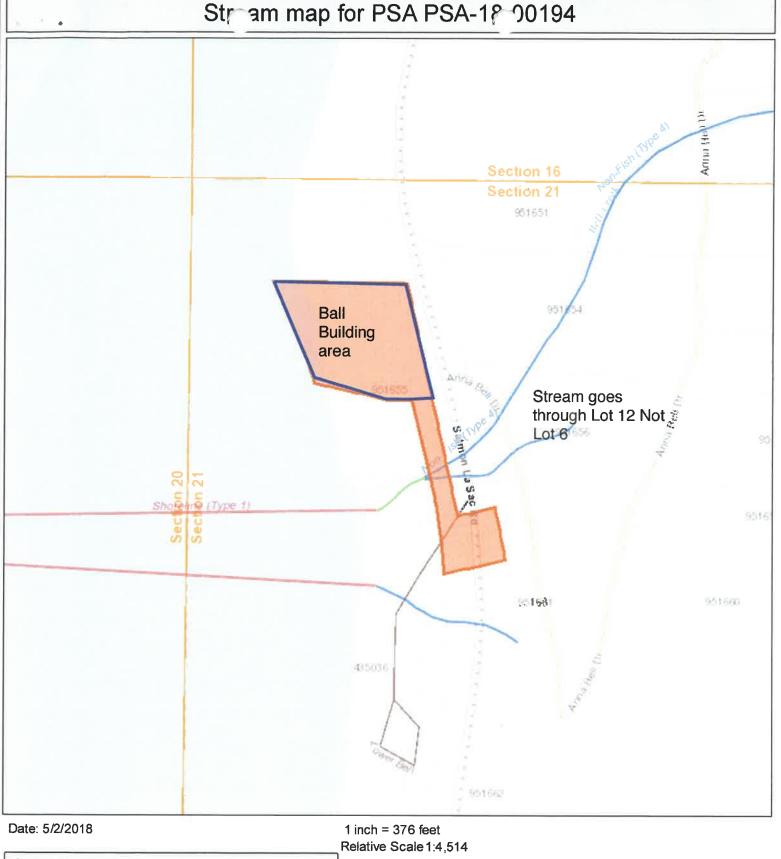
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### Figure 7. Ball Property, Shoreline Map









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#### Figure 8. Ball Property, Stream Map







